

14.4 For  $n$ , a positive integer, every abelian group of order  $n$  is cyclic iff  $n$  is not divisible by the square of any prime.  
 ( i.e. if  $n$  is divisible by the square of a prime, then there exist at least one finite abelian group of order  $n$  which is not cyclic. )

( $\Leftarrow$ )

$$|G| = n = p_1 p_2 \dots p_m \text{ since } p_i^2 \nmid n, \forall i.$$

By Thm 14.2 / Thm 1:

$$G \cong G(p_1) \times G(p_2) \times \dots \times G(p_m).$$

By Thm 6.1:

$G(p_1) \times G(p_2) \times \dots \times G(p_m)$  is cyclic,

So  $G \cong G(p_1) \times G(p_2) \times \dots \times G(p_m)$  is cyclic.

( $\Rightarrow$ ) By contra positive, let  $p_i^2 \mid n$ .

$$\text{So } n = p_1^{e_1} p_2^{e_2} \dots p_m^{e_m} \text{ where atleast one exponent is greater than 1.}$$

So  $\forall G_x$  where  $|G_x| = n$ ,

$$G_x \cong G_x(p_1^{e_1}) \times G_x(p_2^{e_2}) \times \dots \times G_x(p_i^{e_i}) \times \dots \times G_x(p_m^{e_m})$$

and there exists a  $G_x$  and a partition  $\pi \in P(\lambda)$  (Thm 2)

$$\text{where } \pi = (1, 1, \dots, 1)$$

$$\text{and } G_x \cong \underbrace{G_x(p_i) \times G_x(p_i) \times \dots \times G_x(p_i)}_{\lambda \text{ times}} \times G_x(p_1) \times G_x(p_2) \times \dots \times G_x(p_m)$$

$\lambda$  times

By Thm 6.1,  $G_x$  is not cyclic.

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