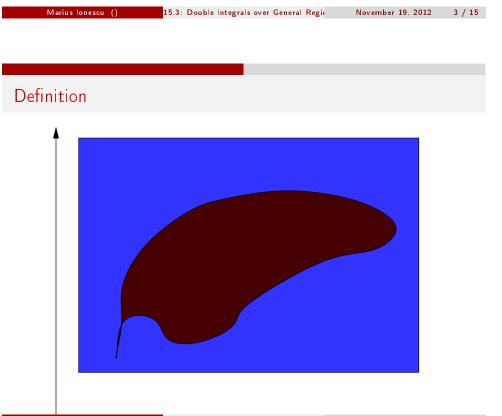


Notes

Definition

If D is a bounded region, then we define a new function F with domain a rectangle R that contains D by

$$F(x,y) = \begin{cases} f(x,y) & \text{if } (x,y) \text{ is in } D\\ 0 & \text{otherwise} \end{cases}$$



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Definitions

The double integral of f over D is

$$\iint_D f(x,y) dA = \iint_R F(x,y) dA.$$

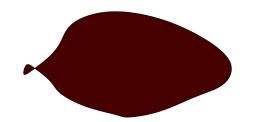
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Domains of type I

Definition

A domain D is of type I if it lies between the graphs of two continuous functions of x:

 $D = \{(x, y) \mid a \le x \le b, g_1(x) \le y \le g_2(x)\}$

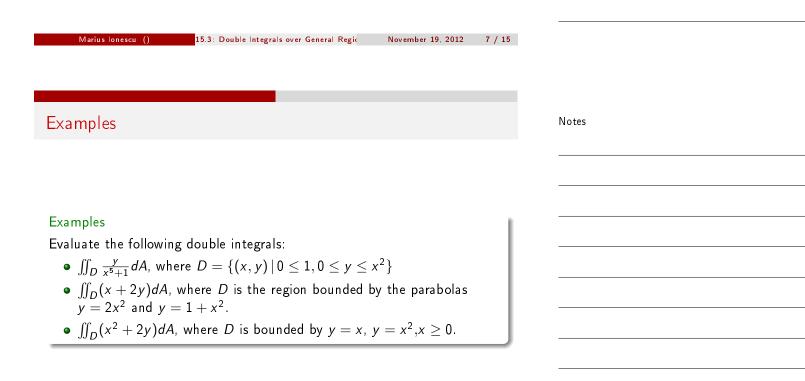


Notes

Fact

If D is a region of type I and f is continuous then

$$\iint_D f(x,y) dA = \int_a^b \int_{g_1(x)}^{g_2(x)} f(x,y) dy dx.$$



Domains of type II

Notes

Notes

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Definition

A domain D is of type II if it can be expressed as

 $D = \{(x, y) : c \le y \le d, h_1(y) \le x \le h_2(y)\}.$

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Double Integrals over Domains of type II

Fact

If D is a region of type II and f is continuous then

$$\iint_D f(x,y) dA = \int_c^d \int_{h_1(y)}^{h_2(y)} f(x,y) dx dy.$$

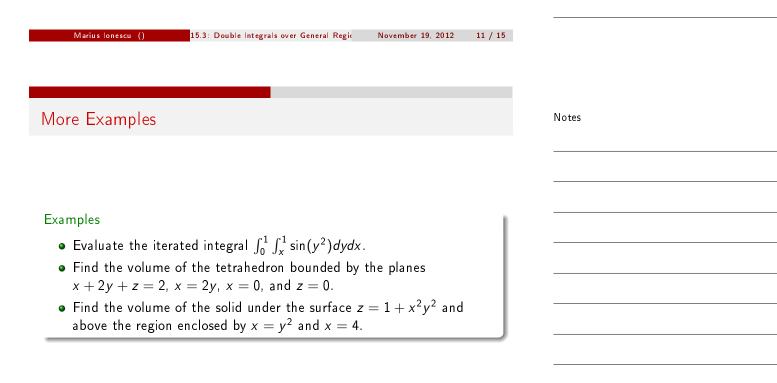
Examples

Notes

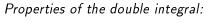
Examples

Evaluate the following integrals

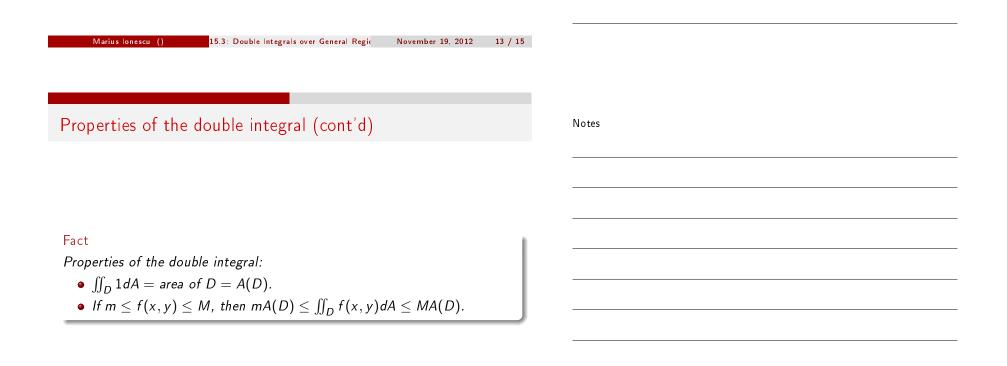
- $\iint_D xydA$, where D is the region bounded by the line y = x 1 and the parabola $y^2 = 2x + 6$.
- $\iint_D y^2 e^{xy} dA$, where D is the region bounded by y = x, y = 4, x = 0.



Fact



- $\iint_D [f(x,y) + g(x,y)] dA = \iint_D f(x,y) dA + \iint_D g(x,y) dA.$
- $\iint_D cf(x,y)dA = c \iint_D f(x,y)dA.$
- If $f(x, y) \ge g(x, y)$ for all (x, y) in D, then $\iint_D f(x, y) dA \ge \iint_D g(x, y) dA.$
- If $D = D_1 \bigcup D_2$, where D_1 and D_2 don't overlap except perhaps on their boundaries, then $\iint_D f(x, y) dA = \iint_{D_1} f(x, y) dA + \iint_{D_2} f(x, y) dA.$



Examples

- Find the are of the triangle with vertices (0,0), (5,0), and (5,4)(using double integrals).
- Estimate the integral ∬_D e^{sin x cos y} dA, where D is the disk with center the origin and radius 2.

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Notes