

LINEAR REGRESSION WITH EXCEL

See Agresti and Franklin Chp 3 (especially Example 14) and lecture notes

Question: Can education rates be used to predict crime rates in Florida?

Data taken from copyrighted text CD: FL crime

Analysis using Excel: Tools -> Data Analysis -> Regression with the following options

Labels: ON Residual plots: ON Line fit plots: ON

SUMMARY OUTPUT

<i>Regression Statistics</i>	
Multiple R	0.46691188
R Square	0.2180067
Adjusted R Sq	0.20597604
Standard Error	25.1227833
Observations	67

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Strength of linear association: see Section 3.2

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Strength of regression prediction (compared to mean prediction, cf AF 118-9)

ANOVA

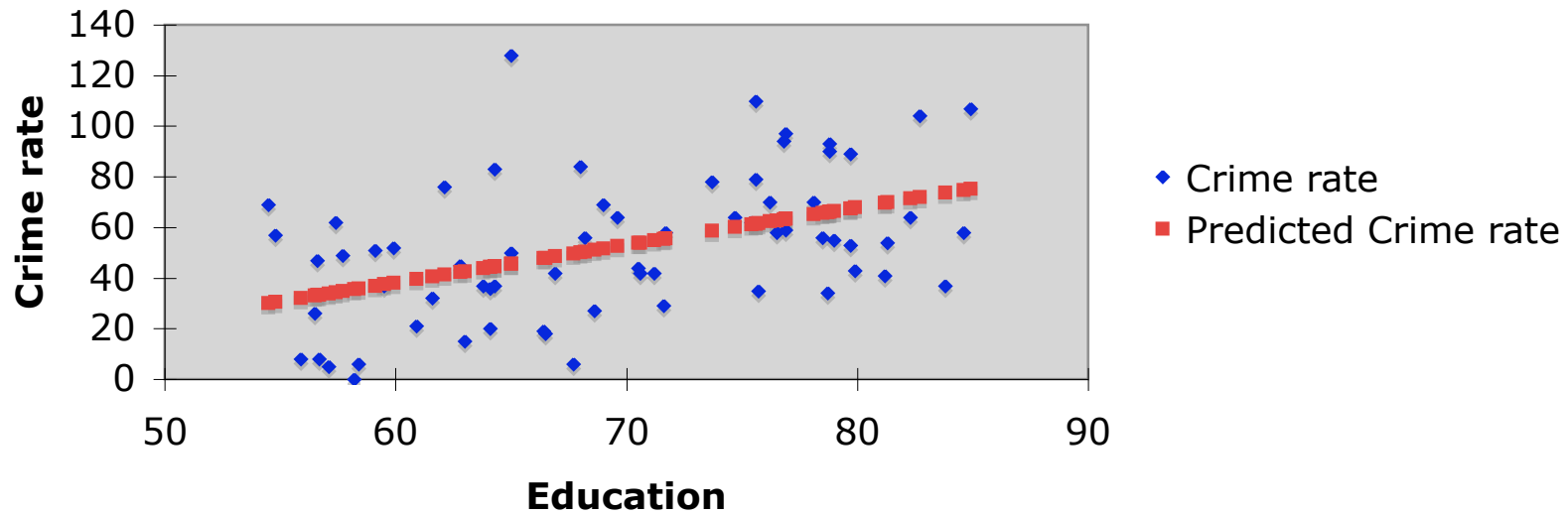
	<i>df</i>	<i>SS</i>	<i>MS</i>	<i>F</i>	<i>Significance F</i>
Regression	1	11437.0937	11437.0937	18.1209172	6.8056E-05
Residual	65	41025.0257	631.154241		
Total	66	52462.1194			

	<i>Coefficients</i>	<i>Standard Error</i>	<i>t Stat</i>	<i>P-value</i>	<i>Lower 95%</i>	<i>Upper 95%</i>	<i>Lower 95.0%</i>	<i>Upper 95.0%</i>
Intercept	-50.8569018	24.4506518	-2.07998144	0.04147477	-99.6882248	-2.02557885	-99.6882248	-2.02557885
Education	1.48597715	0.34907765	4.25686706	6.8056E-05	0.78882095	2.18313335	0.78882095	2.18313335

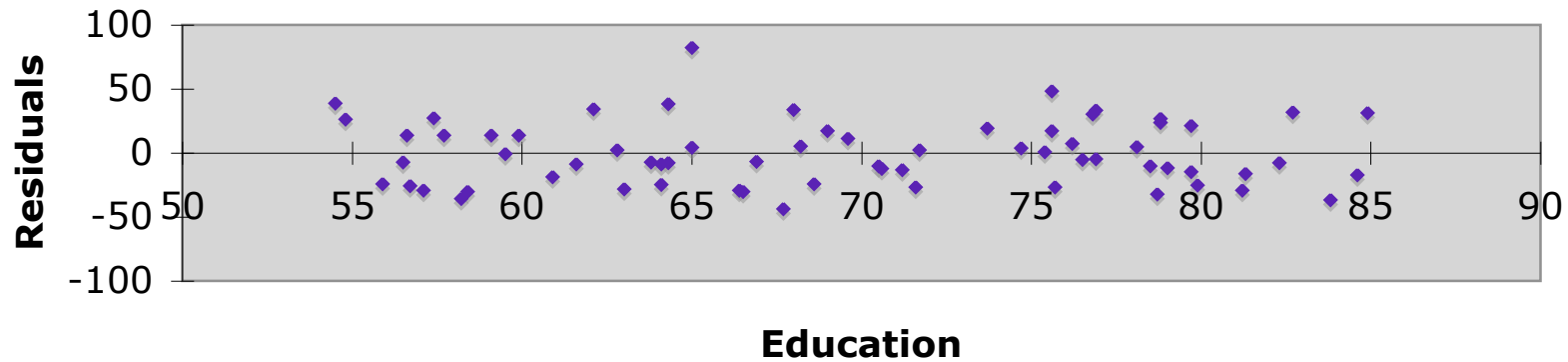
Predicted crime rate = -50.9 + 1.5*(Education rate)

Crime on education with regression predictions

Crime on education with regression predictions



Residual prediction errors



Education

MULTIPLE REGRESSION WITH EXCEL

See Agresti and Franklin Chp 3 (especially Example 14) and lecture notes

Question: Can rates of education and urbanization be used to predict crime rates in Florida?

Data taken from copyrighted text CD: FL crime

Analysis using Excel: Tools -> Data Analysis -> Regression with the following options

Labels: ON Residual plots: OFF Line fit plots: OFF

SUMMARY OUTPUT

<i>Regression Statistics</i>	
Multiple R	0.68659983
R Square	0.47141933
Adjusted R Sq	0.45490119
Standard Error	20.8155824
Observations	67

<--- **Strength of linear association: see Section 3.2**
 <--- **Strength of regression prediction (compared to mean prediction, cf AF 118-9)**

ANOVA

	<i>df</i>	<i>SS</i>	<i>MS</i>	<i>F</i>	<i>Significance F</i>
Regression	2	24731.6573	12365.8286	28.5394822	1.379E-09
Residual	64	27730.4621	433.288471		
Total	66	52462.1194			

	<i>Coefficients</i>	<i>Standard Error</i>	<i>t Stat</i>	<i>P-value</i>	<i>Lower 95%</i>	<i>Upper 95%</i>	<i>Lower 95.0%</i>	<i>Upper 95.0%</i>
Intercept	59.1180677	28.3653106	2.08416783	0.04114165	2.45184624	115.784289	2.45184624	115.784289
Education	-0.58337735	0.47245913	-1.23476787	0.22143115	-1.52722295	0.36046825	-1.52722295	0.36046825
Urbanization	0.68250142	0.12321259	5.53921822	6.1108E-07	0.43635598	0.92864686	0.43635598	0.92864686

Predicted crime rate = 59.1 - 0.6*(Education rate) + 0.7*(Urban rate)